

LISTING OF CLAIMS

Please cancel claims 48-53 without prejudice to subsequent renewal or future prosecution. The following listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

1-39. (Canceled)

40. (Previously presented) A method of generating ozone to inhibit the growth of a bacterium comprising contacting the bacterium with (I) an antibody that can bind to the bacterium and (ii) a source of singlet oxygen ( ${}^1O_2$ ) to thereby generate ozone to inhibit the growth of the bacterium, wherein the source of singlet oxygen is not conjugated to the antibody or another molecule.

41. (Original) The method of claim 40, wherein the source of singlet oxygen ( ${}^1O_2$ ) is a sensitizer molecule.

42. (Original) The method of claim 41, wherein the sensitizer molecule is a pterin, a flavin, a hematoporphyrin, a tetrakis(4-sulfonatophenyl)porphyfin, a bipyridyl ruthenium(II) complex, a rose Bengal dye, a quinone, a rhodamine dye, a phthalocyanine, a hypocrellin, rubrocyanin, pinacyanol, allocyanin or a chlorin.

43. (Canceled)

44. (Original) The method of claim 40, wherein the antibody is a human or a humanized antibody.

45. (Original) The method of claim 40, wherein the antibody is a Fab, Fab', F(ab')<sub>2</sub>, Fv or sFv fragment.

46-53. (Canceled)

54. (Previously presented) A method of generating ozone to inhibit the growth of a bacterium comprising contacting the bacterium with (i) an antibody that can bind to the bacterium and (ii) a source of singlet oxygen (<sup>1</sup>O<sub>2</sub>) to thereby generate ozone to inhibit the growth of the bacterium, wherein the source of singlet oxygen is not conjugated to the antibody and the source of singlet oxygen would not, on its own, inhibit the growth of the bacterium when exposed to light.

55. (Previously presented) The method of claim 54, wherein the source of singlet oxygen (<sup>1</sup>O<sub>2</sub>) is a sensitizer molecule.

56. (Previously presented) The method of claim 55, wherein the sensitizer molecule is a pterin, a flavin, a hematoporphyrin, a tetrakis(4-sulfonatophenyl)porphyfin, a bipyridyl ruthenium(II) complex, a rose Bengal dye, a quinone, a rhodamine dye, a phthalocyanine, a hypocrellin, rubrocyanin, pinacyanol, allocyanin or a chlorin.

57. (Previously presented) The method of claim 54, wherein the antibody is a human or a humanized antibody.

58. (Previously presented) The method of claim 54, wherein the antibody is a Fab, Fab', F(ab')<sub>2</sub>, Fv or sFv fragment.